American Artisan The Warm Air Heating And Sheet Metal Journal And Sheet Metal Journal

Vol. 98, No. 15

CHICAGO, OCTOBER 12, 1929

\$2.00 Per Year

The sales cooperation we give SUCCESS DEALERS

gets results—

It is

dominant practical—

Ask for the

"BIG SUCCESS IDEA"

a book
containing
a
complete plan
for
increasing sales



Success was the first to popularize high quality furnace construction—the first to prove to dealers that high quality could be sold easier if merchandised.

Success dealers sell a line that is *complete* and above par in features that count.

They sell better heating with better furnace design and construction.

Analyze Success construction and you will see why public favor is switching to Success dealers—you will see why with the Success line and Success sales plans you, too, can build a better business and better profits.

Write for the Success catalog showing the complete line.

SUCCESS HEATER MFG. COMPANY
DES MOINES, IOWA

SUCCESS HEATERS



MR. JACK STOWELL Aurora, Illinois



MR. CARL MUELLER Findlay, Ohio



MR. EDWARD BRANDES Madison, Wisconsin

NOTE

IN the language of the Board, the new 1930 Premier Sales Plan marks "The Dawn of a New Day in the Furnace Industry." Details will be given progressive Dealers by appointment and in the order their requests are received.



he

Dealer Merchandising

Board - of the

Premier

Warm Air Heater Company

after session in

Dowagiac, Michigan, Sept. 26th

Announce

their Inspection

and Approval

of the new 1930

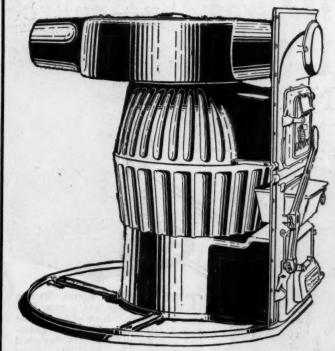
Premier Sales Plan



MR, CARL ROELLE Columbus, Nebraska



MR. ALEX FRIEDMAN Detroit, Michigan



A MASTER FURNACE

MADE with every convenience for the user, and with so many points of excellence that it is easy for the dealer to sell. A staunch, durable, dependable, and economical furnace, manufactured and backed up by a concern with fifty years' experience in warm air heating.



NOTICE THESE SELLING FEATURES

Roller bearing agitator type of grate Upright waist high shaker handle

One or two-piece double ribbed firepot

Large corrugated feed section

One-piece seamless radiator with smoke and cleanout collars cast on

Full cast front with expansion joint

Large well-proportioned corset type casings with one-inch air space insulation Low construction for shallow basements Deep well designed cup joints Velvet smooth uniform castings Large water pan with lock-open cover Attractive dealer franchises open in many

Attractive dealer franchises open in many places, send for catalogs and dealer proposition.

SEND YOUR REPAIR ORDERS TO US

In November, 1928, this Company purchased from the Receiver for the Monitor Furnace Company all of the original master and working patterns for Caloric, Monitor, Kleenaire, Big Boy, and Merrimac furnaces, and this is the only company authorized by the courts to continue the manufacture and sale of these products.

Repair parts made from the original patterns is the only way you can be assured of a perfect fit.

Send all repair orders to Marshall

MONITOR-CALORIC DIVISION MARSHALL FURNACE CO. MARSHALL, MICHIGAN

your purchases from one source



even better than ever with its new One-Piece heavy Cellular Firepot and new Elbow Shaped Collar on inside of radiator which is turned

up so that all the heat must follow the castings to the top before enFURNACES

BELOW is shown the New Wise Steel Furnace. A Wise product and a steel furnace having exclusive Wise features. Notice the Cast Iron Soot Box and Clean-Out on bottom of Radiator—the weak spot of steel furnaces eliminated.



Write for catalog No. 23

THE Wise 20 Series Return Flue Radiator has a new Patented radiator. Now cleaning the radiator is easy. The feed chamber and the radiator are designed so that the fire flues are easily gotten at from the upper feed door with the soot falling directly into the firepot. Also equipped with the new Cellular Firepot.

The WISE FURNACE COMPANY, Akron, Ohio



tering the flue.

W. MENK, Pres.

Keep Up Ahead with Rudy



E ARE READ

WARM AIR HEATERS AND BOILERS BUILT OF WELDED STEEL Units Designed to Burn Coal-Oil-Gas New and Outstanding in Character

HEATING SYSTEMS CORP. is now ready to help you do a real job of merchandising.

There is one sure way-One profitable way-One that has cost much to find.



If you want to become a Heating Specialist—
If you want to get three jobs to one as now—
If you are ready to consider a change from the old to the new—
Then—you will want to line up with the HEAT-O LINE—
The latest—The finest—Most profitable plan yet inaugurated.

HEATING SYSTEMS CORP., Joliet, Illinois

301 Scott Street



THESE are days when you must make every lick count. No time is lost when you are erecting Moncrief Furnaces, all assembled at the factory before shipping, with the edges of sections ground so as to go together easily. That is only one advantage. There are many others. Write for particulars.

The Henry Furnace & Foundry Co.

3471 E. 49th St. CLEVELAND, OHIO

Distributors:

Carr Supply Co., 412 No. Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.
August Bery & Son, Mack Ave. at Drexel, Detroit
The Henry Furnace & Foundry Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Frontier Water & Steam Supply Co., 366 Oak St.
—481 Elliott St., Buffalo, New York
Johnson Furnace Co., Kansas City, Mo.
E. A. Higgins Co., 1112 Douglas St., Omaha, Neb.
Moncrief Furnace & Mfg. Co., Dallas, Texas
E. W. Burbank Seed Co., 29 Free St., Portland, Me.
J. F. Conant, Ry. Term, Warehouse, Troy, N. Y.
Wilkes-Barre Hdwe. & Steve Co., 18-20 So. Washington
St., Wilkes-Barre, Ps.
The Crawford Heating Co., Steubenville, Ohlo.
Stockhoff Supply Co., St. Louis, Mo.

EASTERN OFFICE Boom 1306, 11 W. 42nd St., New York City E. L. Garner, Manager

MONCRIEF FURNACES

We supply everything used on a warm air heating job.

THIS

Is the Line of Furnaces that Has Been Time Tested for More Than 30 Years in Thousands of Homes



'AFCO'

Boiler Plate Furnaces

This is the line of furnaces that hundreds of "AFCO" dealers have used as the corner stone upon which to build a successful furnace business.

This is the line of furnaces you too will want to sell when you know all the facts. These easy-to-read facts will be sent without obligation upon request. Do it NOW!

American Furnace Co.

2719-31 Morgan St. St. Louis, Missouri

FIGURE IT OUT FOR YOURSELF

then tell us ·· Do you want to get in on the "Sheer Comfort"

-"Split a Million" -Campaign

E'RE out to "Split a Million" among live dealers. We say that from the experience of hundreds of dealers who, in less than 10 months time, have handled more than three quarters of a million dollars worth of "Sheer Comfort" Heat Regulators before a line of consumer advertising had

appeared. They've sold them faster than they or we ever dreamed possible. That proves that the *need* and want exists.

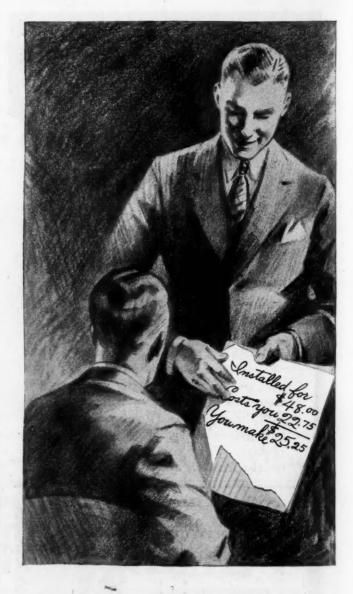
9 out of 10 homes need and want
"Sheer Comfort." And here's why—

millions of homes burn coal or coke. "Sheer Comfort" Heat Regulator gives home owners with coal, coke or gas-burning, warm-air, hot-water or steam-heating plants, the same automatic temperature control over their furnaces that homes using oil burners now have. It will save from 20 to

No. of the last of

25 per cent of the yearly fuel bill. Frequently it saves its entire cost the first year. It's cheaper to have than not to have, for "Sheer Comfort" saves health and it saves money. And it costs only \$48.

Thousands of heat regulators selling for \$100 and more, have been sold and installed—yet most heat regulators are too expensive for the great mass market—and that's where your profits come from.



Starting with the September 28th issue of the Saturday. Evening Post, we're telling millions of home owners—"Now you can get a heat regulator for only \$48."

This National sales creating advertising campaign will reach, more than 6,750,000 homes reading the Saturday Evening Post, the Literary

SHEER COM Digest and the American Magazine. We know that \$48 "clicks" with the great mass market—especially when "Sheer Comfort" saves more than it costs.

THE SHTURDAY EVER TOST THE METERS OF THE SHTURDAY EVER TOST THE METERS OF THE SHTURDAY EVER TOST THE SHOP TOST THE SHOP THE SHOP THE SHOP

That's one step in our "Split a

Million" campaign. Then there are—**Helps to help you sell**—a sales creating window and
store display that will tie all of this "Sheer Comfort" National Advertising to your own store.
Using this display makes this National Advertising
your advertising. It's a silent salesman for you.
And there's sales making literature that you can
send to your customers and prospects paving the



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way for personal calls or inviting them to your store to see what this device will do for them.

Another step is the

"Sheer Comfort" 3 Minute Demonstration — Demonstrations make sure fire sales and this demonstrating kit lets you show your prospects in your store or in their home just how "Sheer Comfort" regulates their furnace. You can show them the four exclusive "Sheer Comfort" features and how simple it is to install. Its action appeals and makes sure fire sales. More than 700 of these kits are in use with salesmen making house to house calls — and are they selling?

FORT

But don't overlook the most important thing

heat Regulator

in this proposition—there's

Adequate Profit—and people
buy "Sheer Comfort". Take
your own pencil and figure whether you want to get in on this
"Split a Million" Campaign.

"Sheer Comfort" sells for \$48 installed. It costs you \$22.75 f. o. b. factory. Your gross is \$25.25. Can you use this profit? That's only one picture of profit possibilities. The other is—can they be sold in sufficient quantities to make an interesting volume of profit? Here's an answer to that. Here's a dealer in a town of 26,000 population sold 30 in 6 months. That's a gross profit of more than \$757.50—does that look good? Here's one in a town of 8,500 population sold 15 in 4 months.



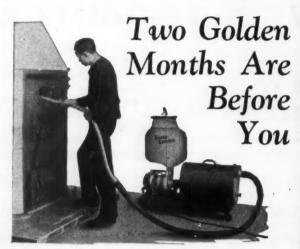
A gross of \$378.75. Here's another in a town of 26,000 sold 47 in 5 months. A gross of \$1186.75, not bad.

You can get your share of this "Split a Million" campaign if you get going now. You can get "Sheer Comfort" Heat Regulators from your regular jobber or direct from the factory. They are simple to install—you don't have to shut down the furnace to install it—and now is the time to cash in, just when people are conscious of the need.

Don't wait—act now—for "Sheer Comfort" is going to "Split a Million" among live dealers—get the full details of our special proposition—write—wire—or use the coupon now—get your share of the "Sheer Comfort" "Aplit a Million" Campaign

	I. M. Sheer Co., 213 Hampshire St., Quincy, Ill. Iow do I get my share of your "Split a Million" Cam- aign. What's your special proposition?	
S	tore Name	
A	ddress	
0	Sty	

My jobber is.....



4 to 6 jobs a day-one man-powerful-light.

Furnace Cleaners will have no idle moments for the next two months. Will you share their harvest?

Home owners all demanding hurry-up service; October's Fire Prevention Week has been an alarm clock for the slow boys. Dirty furnaces and soot-choked flues are real fire hazards and the red peril must not menace their homes and loved ones.

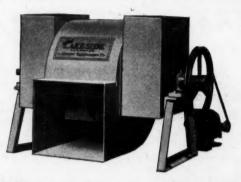
One man, with a light, compact Super Service Cleaner, can easily handle four to six jobs a day; more at a pinch. Each bringing in \$7 to \$10 gross.

Belated repairs will boost the total amazingly; new furnaces are imperative in many cases and you get first-hand information.

Our free *Plan Book* is full of helpful tips on soliciting this business—and on how to check up solicitors.

Write us today about the Super Service. Its price is reasonable—and on easy terms, if you want them.

The NATIONAL SUPER SERVICE CO. 816 Lafayette St. Toledo, Ohio



Helps Increase Your Sales

Every warm air furnace owner in your territory is a prospect for Furblo—the quiet, efficient furnace blower. Operation cost low—and it can be installed on old or new furnaces. Quiet in operation, Furblo does not interfere with free gravity circulation of air when not operating.

Let us tell you more about this opportunity for increased sales. Write for details, prices and discounts.

LAKESIDE COMPANY, Hermansville, Michigan

Furnace Blowers in all sizes-for large or small jobs





The AUERISTOCRAT

of all registers, combining air capacity, decorative and concealing features.

Designed to conform with the Standard Code so they fit all standard boxes.

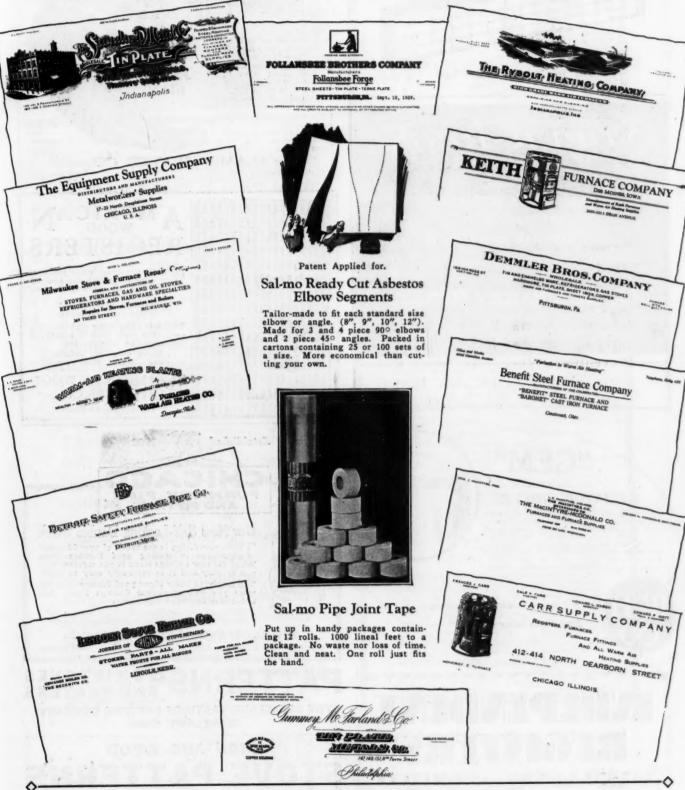
Auer Patented mechanical features make it perfect in operation,—quick and easy to install.

Auer's Save Hours and Dollars

The AUER REGISTER CO. Cleveland, Ohio

Sponsored by

THESE AGGRESSIVE DISTRIBUTORS



Manufactured by

SALL MOUNTAIN COMPANY

ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF

ASBESTOS PAPER MILLBOARD PIPE COVERINGS CEMENTS, ETC.

176 W. Adams Street

CHICAGO ILL. SALL MOUNTAIN CO.,
176 W. Adams St., Chicago, Ill.
Gentlemen: Send me Free Samples of Pipe
Joint Tape and Asbestos Elbow Segments.
Name
Address



The New N 92 Baseboard Vent

TTLE & BAILEY $R \sim REG$

COMPRISE EVERY TYPE REGISTER AND FACE FOR WARM AIR HEATING

Stocks carried in all principal cities

TUTTLE & BAILEY MFG CO.

411 Lexington Avenue

New York

Adjustable

RADIATOR SHIELDS

Think of the convenience of any customer with any size radiators being able to select right out of your stock the right size and color of "GEM" Adjustable Radiator Shields to suit his requirements. The "GEM" Adjustable feature and assortment of five handsome colors make this possible.

Gold-Bronze, Walnut and Mahogany Wood Grain finishes for dark interiors. 10 popular sizes adjustable to radiator top widths, 6" to 13"; lengths, 11" to 65". Retail at \$5.00 to \$8.00. Beh & Co., 1140 Broadway, New York, N. Y.







"Fabrikated" Cold Air Faces

ANY SIZE - ANY FINISH

Ask for a copy of our New Catalogue

Independent Register & Mfg. Co. 3747 E. 93rd St. CLEVELAND, O.

Chas. Smith
HOT WATER HEATERS

THIS well known heater is

THIS well known heater is more popular today than ever before. Made in 4 sizes. Small sizes for heating domestic water, large sizes for heating distant rooms with Hot Water Radiators.

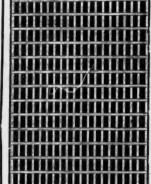
Size 3 is 12 in. high, 12 inches wide with capacity for 150 ft. radiation. Write for prices and circular today. We make a complete line of Water Heaters for making combina Warm Air and Hot Water installations.



ALAMO HEATER CO.

6143 Wentworth Ave.

Chicago, Ill.



AMERICAN WOOD REGISTERS

WHEN you order wood registers be sure of getting the best by buying these famous wood faces—

Known as the finest for over 21 years

They add extra value without extra cost. We make nothing but Wood Registers and only the best.

Write today for catalog and latest price list.

The AMERICAN WOOD REGISTER CO.

Plymouth, Indiana





Our New Self-Locking Double Stack

THIS new design is the result of over 25 years' experience in making good Furnace Pipe. When the new Chicago stack is put together it is put to stay and it is extremely easy to erect. The more you know about good furnace pipe the more you will appreciate Chicago Pipe. Ask about this improved pipe today.

Write today for our Catalog No. 21, illustrating and describing Furnace Pipe and All Furnace Supplies.

CHICAGO FURNACE SUPPLY CO.

1276-78-80-82 Clybourn Ave.

CHICAGO

FOR STOVES AND HEATERS

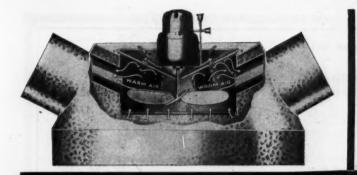
THE CLEVELAND CASTINGS PATTERN COMPANY CLEVELAND, OHIO

IRON AND WOOD

PATTERN COMPANY QUINCY, ILLINOIS

TER

FOR STOVES AND HEATERS IN WOOD and IRON VEDDER PATTERN WORKS ESTABLISHED TROY, N. Y.



WRITE TODAY TO THE JOBBER NEAR-EST YOU FOR FULL DETAILS AND PRICES

TRY enlightening your trade on the subject of better warm air heating.

Most home owners haven't even heard of such a thing as a furnace fan and you're all set for the biggest surprise in your life when you see how much greater interest folks take in warm air heating when you bring the FAN idea to their attention.

The Robinson Heat Distributor will appeal to them because it is logical, efficient and installed without great expense.

Install a Robinson on a bonnet and put this attention getting display in your window NOW. More and more dealers are learning that selling the Robinson is the way to give their trade better warm air heating — WITH MORE PROFIT TO THEIR BUSINESS.

BAKER-PAYNE-VOYE CO., . . Boston, Mass. THE BECKWITH CO.... Downglae, Mich. BERGSTROM MFG. CO. Neenah, Wisconsin DAYTON-HESSLER CO.... Syracuse, N. Y. DEMMLER BROS. CO.... Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOLLANSBEE BROTHERS CO., Pittsburgh, Rochester, Cincinnati, Memphis, Detroit, Indianapolis, Milwaukee, Louisville.

FLORAL CITY HEATER CO., Monroe, Mich. FOX FURNACE CO...... Elyria, Ohio HEATING & SUPPLY CO., Pittsburgh, Pa. ... Elyria, Ohio HENRY FURNACE & FOUNDRY CO., Cleve-land, O.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Pittsburgh, Pa. M. K. HOKE ESTATE..... Manheim, Pa.

HOMER FURNACE CO.... Coldwater, Mich. IDEAL FURNACE CO..... Detroit, Mich. INTERNATIONAL HEATER CO., Utica, Chicago, Cleveland, Nashua, New Hamp-shire, Longbranch, N. J.

KALAMAZOO STOVE CO., Kalamazoo, Mich. KELLEY-HOW-THOMSON CO., Duluth, Minn.

KELSEY HEATING CO.... Syracuse, N. Y.

PEASE FOUNDRY CO., Ltd.,
Toronto, Ontario, Canada PENINSULAR STOVE CO... Detroit, Mich.

PORTLAND STOVE FOUNDRY CO.

Portland, Maine
RICHARDSON & BOYNTON CO., New
York, Chicago, Boston, Philadelphia,
Buffale, Minneapolis, Newark, N. J.
THE SCHILL BROS. CO.... Crestline, O.

GEO. F. WHEELOCK CO., Birmi'gh'm, Ala.

WISE FURNACE CO..... Akron, Ohio

Mfg. by The A. H. ROBINSON CO., Massillon, Ohio

OBINSO Heat Distributor

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REAL cold weather often means a hurry call for the repair man. This may be good business for him but it is better business to be known for installations that stand up and maintain efficiency under all conditions

The lower the outside thermometer, the higher the sales thermometer of dealers handling the Richardson Line.

Guaranteed ratings, a quick response to increased drafts and extra large radiating surfaces enable the Richardson Perfect Positive Warm Air Heater to give unusually satisfactory service at low temperatures. This is the de luxe unit of the Richardson line and a product of added quality and up-to-the-minute-refinements, which often establishes strong elements of good will that one heater literally sells another.

We believe in and are members of The National Warm Air Heating Association

RICHARDSON & BOYNTON CO.

Manufacturers of "Richardson" "Perfect" Heating and Cooking Apparatus Since 1837

260 Fifth Ave., New York

Utica, N.Y.

New York

Utica

lewark

Philadelphia

on Chica

Buffal

Minneapolis

Cincinnati

Detroit

Providence

MERCOLD M-51 THE DUTSTANDING WARM AIR FURNACE CONTROL

The Mercoid M-51 Warm Air Furnace Control has decided advantages over similar devices on the market and at the same time a low selling price is maintained.

The following are some of the desirable features:

It has a double adjustment which permits its use over the wide range of operating conditions encountered in the field.

The adjustment is a simple mechanism which is easily set to any required range.

Another unique feature is the indicator which shows the temperature in the duct or hood of the furnace. Its usefulness in this respect is comparable to that of a thermometer on a hot water boiler or the pressure gauge on a steam plant.

The flange furnished is adjustable and enables the installer to place the instrument in almost any required position on the furnace.



Illustration 2

Illustration 2 shows the simple construction of the flange. When mounted on a 45 degree angle, the instrument assumes the po-

Note the simple High and Low Double Adjustment Mechanism. Also the Furnace Duct Temperature Indicator.

sition as shown in "P", illustration 3. If the angle is less than 45 degrees the instrument may

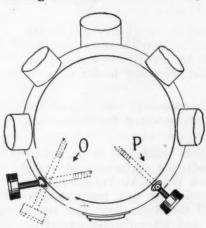


Illustration 3

be either set forward or backward as in "O".

The flange is made of steel and may be readily shaped to fit various contours.

The Mercoid switch in this instrument is of the latest tipless type which insures better and more dependable performance.

The adjustments are all located within the case of the instrument to prevent accidental disarrangement or tampering.

Order a sample control and be convinced of its possibilities. Bulletin S-83A gives complete information. Write for it.

THE MERCOID CORPORATION

564 W. ADAMS STREET



NEW YORK 25 CHURCH ST.



SAN FRANCISCO 1129 FOLSOM ST.









Vol. 98

CHICAGO, OCTOBER 12, 1929

No. 15

Is Your Shop Superfluous?

AVE you ever heard the statement: "There are too many sheet metal and warm air heating establishments in our town." Do you think there would be too many if the proprietors of them had not been dominated by inclination rather than fact when they started them?

I am sure that if every man contemplating entry into the sheet metal or warm air heating business on his own would first stop to consider whether there is a definite need for additional service of the kind

he is able to render before actually opening a shop, the mortality of this type of shop would be greatly lessened.

HE only proper justification I for a man seting up in a business of his own is the fact that there is a definite need for the service which he can render to the community in which he proposes to operate. However, do not mistake numbers for adequate service. Because a city has ten sheet metal shops, all of which are experiencing difficulty in making ends meet, this fact should not act as a deterrent to a man who is desirous of opening the eleventh shop. Because there are ten shops already in existence need not necessarily prove that there is no need of an additional shop that can give adequate service.

THESE thoughts were called to mind by a little experience that occurred to me recently upon visiting a sheet metal shop in a city which already had seven such shops. I entered one on the main street and,

THE proper criterion for the sheet metal mechanic

who is thinking of entering business on his own is first of all to see whether there is a need for service of the kind he can render and how nearly that need is being satisfied by the contractors in the field.

The fact that there are already numerous contractors in the business in any given community does not necessarily prove that they are giving adequate service and there still may be room for the young contractor.

The possibilities for expansion in the city and how well contractors present are serving the community are the first things the young man should look to before embarking in business for himself. There are others, of course.

after introducing myself to the proprietor, I asked a stock question about business conditions in the town.

T seems, from what the proprietor I told me, things weren't going so good. One of the largest factories in town had pulled up stakes and moved elsewhere, which in turn meant that a great many families would have to do likewise, in order to keep the wolf from the door. Then to my surprise the proprietor blurted out something on a subject that it was evident had rankled in his breast. He said: "Yes, things is pretty bad here in the sheet metal and warm air heating racket, and I don't see how that young punk Williamson thinks that he can make a go of a sheet metal, business in this town. There ain't 'nough business for those that are already here, and now he comes along an' thinks he's going to set the world on fire." Oh, Oh! Here was something. After talking a few moments, I

I visited two or three other shops

shops that were "already established" and a little adroit questioning brought responses similar to the one I had heard in the first place. All the men seemed to scoff at the idea of Williamson trying to make a success of a sheet metal business in a town that did not afford enough business for those who were already there.

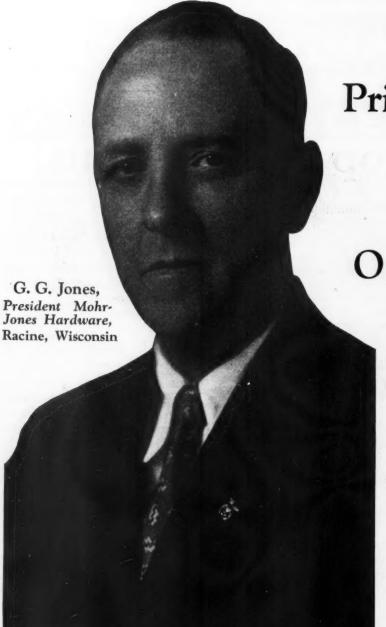
I LEARNED the young man's name and where he was holding forth from a local bank and determined that I would drop around and find

out what kind of a person it was who had the audacity to invade such sacred territory. I found him just returning from lunch. He was a straight-forward looking chap about 28 years of age, with an expression of intelligent determination on his face that instilled confidence and led one to believe that he knew what he was about.

Such was the individual who was slated for utter failure. He didn't look much like the kind of stuff that failures are made of to me. After introducing myself to him, I informed him of the fact that his career as a sheet metal contractor, according to his competitors was slated for a short life. And his reply was: "Oh, yes, I know. You see I've worked in the shops of every one of those fellows. I tried to buy my way into a part ownership with each and every one of them.

"I'd given the matter pretty thorough consideration before going into it on my own, and no matter from what angle I viewed

(Continued on Page 69)



Disarming
Price Competition

How
One Firm Sold
200 Furnace
Repair Jobs

As Told to George Duerr

HY are we successful in doing a volume of business running well over the \$300,000 mark each year in sheet metal and warm air heating?" It was E. R. Smale, sheet metal department manager of Mohr-Jones Hardware Company, 315 Sixth Street, Racine, Wisconsin, who spoke and he was repeating a question that I had just put to him in an effort to learn why this firm is so eminently successful in two lines of endeavor that are supposedly on the down grade.

"The success that the Mohr-Jones Company has had in the sheet metal and warm air heating lines is well deserved," said Mr. Smale, "for the simple reason that the company has

so conducted its affairs in dealing with the home owners and builders of Racine that it has convinced them of its sincere desire to be of service in the lines in which it is engaged."

Just then the telephone rang and he was interrupted for a moment.

Resuming his conversation again, Mr. Smale went on: "We have not found it necessary to advertise our business to any great extent; that is, in the ordinary way. Our name and reputation are so well known and established in the city in connection with quality service that a great portion of our business comes to us through the satisfied customer route.

"There is a reason for that and a very good one, although it is sim-

ple enough. It is one that entirely too many contractors lose sight of in their zeal to get the order. And it is just this: We have our business so organized that it is thoroughly departmentalized. We have a foreman over the sheet metal shop. We have another supervising the erection of work on the outside. These department heads are held responsible for the work. In our warm air heating department we have our machines and stock so placed that the minimum of time and effort is required in working it into shape and the finished product. We also have weekly meetings of department heads and foremen. This makes for friendliness and cooperation among departments.

"In this way the work goes out of the shop under the direction of a competent foreman who knows his business and who sees to it that there are no hitches or snags met with during the erection. The same is true in the shop. This eliminates



"In a word, we know our organization and what it can do. We know our costs and we know that with our organization we can get quality work done at the minimum cost to the customer. That service

a job is greatly reduced.

appreciated and brings its reward in the form of other new business in return.

"Another thing which helps us to give a favorable impression to our customers is the fact that we have a complete stock on hand at all times. We often have as much as two and three carloads of

sheets on hand here at one time and the same is true of furnaces. In fact, so well is it known that our stock is always complete that many of our competitors come to us for supplies in an emergency. We are glad to have them do this."

metal worker. The arrangement of these machines, too, was perfect.

From the machine shop we went to the basement and warehouse where were stored sheets of all sizes and materials. In the basement the

But I had heard a great deal about the price cutter and his antics and how he is ruining the business. Therefore, I was quite eager to find out what antidote this progressive company had for the evil of price

> cutting, because I felt sure that they must run up against it somewhere some time. So my next question to Mr. Smale concerned price cutting.

> "What I said about supervision and organization," answered Mr. Smale, "gives the reason for our immunity

from the necessity of price cutting. We have built our business on the basis of quality service and materials. We never take work below a figure that will permit us to make a fair profit on it. This is not saying that we do not take work at a

Why We Are Successful

WE employ methods that build customer confidence as follows:

We have departmentalized our business completely We supervise all of our work during its progress We make it our business to read specifications correctly We know our costs

We maintain a complete stock of everything on hand We make no verbal, unconfirmed quotations We secure a fair profit on every job taken We use the telephone consistently and effectively Added to all this we have a sincere desire to serve in our chosen lines and the methods we employ make the customer feel this.

> furnaces were stored. Here Mr. Smale stated was the only handicap under which they labored. The furnaces had to be carted a considerable distance to the warehouse after being unloaded. This difficulty will be overcome soon.

figure that is lower than other bidders, but due to our superior organization and equipment there is bound to be some difference in the price.

"Every so often, however, we run into the price cutter that will not be outdone and when we do that we give him the 'works.' We had an experience of that not so long ago. We were bidding on machine guards and we quoted a price that would permit us to make a profit and give quality service. Some contractor undercut our price and gave a figure which we knew would not even let him break even. So we decided that we would teach him a lessen. We then cut our price so that

it would just barely cover our

costs, and our competitor

specification."

swallowed the bait, line and sinker. He took the job at a figure that cleaned him out completely.

"We don't like to do such things. but once in a while we do do it just to show the customer that he is getting just what he pays for, regardless of how low the price is. It gives us a strong hold and breaks down selling resistance on quality products and workmanship.

"One of the biggest causes of price cutting, we find, is that the contractor does not know what his costs are. We are very particular on this point. We do know our costs. We keep on file complete in-

> formation of all the work that goes through our shop. We make frequent reference to this information."

"A third source of potential trouble to many contractors is that they do not read the specifications right. They are not absolutely sure when they take a job that they have thoroughly understood just what is expected of them. Consequently when they come to complete the job they

calls for more than they allowed for in their price and their profit is shot, due to no one's fault but their own.

"We are very careful on this point. We often go to the architect or owner for a clarification of specifications before entering into the contract. We find that by doing this we minimize the chance for a misunderstanding between ourselves and the contractor.

"Then, too, we make absolutely no verbal quotations to customers. Everything is done in writing. Any order that is taken over the telephone is confirmed by letter the customer's O.K. received on the confirmation before we start to do the actual work. We are very punctilious on this score because we know that disagreements are sure to arise where any other plan is employed. It is very simple to understand why this is so. In giving a verbal quotation we may not have a full understanding of what the customer has in mind. He may be thinking of something entirely different from that which we are thinking at the time the proposition is being discussed. Now if we were to go ahead on that basis, the customer would not get the service he expected at the price presumably agreed upon and consequently he would say that we are trying to put one over on him.

find that their contract "On the other hand, if we take his verbal order and then confirm it before the work is started, getting his indication in the meantime that we fully understand one another, we go "See here, we overlooked forty feet of gutter, 3 complete downspouts, on the

ahead on the basis of a perfect understanding. When the work is completed, he pays the bill and we get the credit for having given him a square deal, which we have. Many contractors think that is not important, but they will find if they will follow that plan, they will have less cause for worry when it comes time to collect for their work."

I asked Mr. Smale if his company had any plan worked out whereby they endeavored to induce people to have their furnaces looked after during the summer months, when things are naturally somewhat slack.

His answer was that they had. He said that they had put a great deal of time and thought on that subject and had tried several methods with but indifferent results. The mailing of a card had not been satisfactory.

"This summer, however," said

Mr. Smale, "we put a plan into operation that gave us the best results we have ever had, and was the means of our securing some 200 furnace repair jobs. We dug into our files of names of former customers heating plants and checked these off with the same phone directory.

Having completed this list, we hired a university girl for a month or so and thoroughly instructed her in the terms used in warm air heating and what questions to This done, we set her loose on the telephone. She kept steadily at it all day long, and as I said at the outset, here efforts made it necessary for us to put on two extra men at a time when ordinarily we are slack.

"The burden of the young lady's conversation over the telephone was to inform the customer," said Mr. Smale, "that a special price was being made for all orders received for furnace repair work before August 1st, regardless of when the work was actually done.

"So satisfactory did this proposition work out for us that we are making plans to do it again next year on a more elaborate scale. As it was, we moved about 200 repair jobs into the summer months and took them away from the rush season. In all probability we would have had most of these jobs to do anyway, but they would have all come in a group at the last moment had we not made this special effort to get them out of the way.

"Of course anyone attempting to

put a plan of this kind into operation," cautioned Mr. Smale, "must



name in the tele- "Good Morning, Mrs. Campbell! This Is the Mohr-Jones Hardware Co. Calling."

be very careful about the qualifications of the girl they put on the telephone. The young girl at the telephone can create an unfavorable impression on the prospect, which, of course, is not the thing desired at all. The telephone operator must be instructed and thoroughly understand that she is the company impersonated and that whatever impression she makes on the prospect by her conversation will either make friends or enemies for the company.

"We had no difficulty of this kind, however, as we took particular pains with the girl at the outset, thoroughly instructing her in an approach that would not antagonize. She was very diplomatic by nature and after the first day or so got along in fine shape.

"That in brief tells you why we have attained the success we have in selling sheet metal and warm air heating to the extent of some \$300,-000 a year," said Mr. Smale, "others can do the same thing if they will but half try.

"I find as a general thing that people are becoming more conscious of sheet metal and the service it can render for them than has been the case in any time past. I have no doubt that the advertising which such organizations as the Sheet Steel Trade Extension Committee, the Copper & Brass Research Association and the American Zinc Institute are doing is having its effect upon

> the minds of the public. It is teaching the public the value in using these metals. Then, too, the work which such firms as ours is doing is proving to them that the metals have superior merit when properly applied."

Hardware Special Will Leave Over B. & O. October 20

The National Hardware Convention Special from Chicago to

Atlantic City will leave from the B. & O. station, Chicago, Sunday, October 20, and is an all expense train.

There will be a banquet at 6 o'clock in the evening at which the manufacturers and the trade papers will be hosts to the jobbers. "Ned" Swift of Stanley Works and Bob Jones of Clyde Cutlery will be in charge.

E. D. Corcoran, passenger representative of the B. & O. line, is, as usual, arranging the trip. All reservations should be sent to him at Chicago,

Doremer Gets His Money Without Offense

the warm air furnace installer who says he does not have difficulty in making collections and I'll show you a man who handles the truth very lightly." Thus spake John Doremer, a sheet metal contractor who not only sells a lot of sheet metal and warm air heating service, but who also gets paid for most of it.

"Getting paid for the work you do is simply a part of the entire business transaction. You've got to set machinery in motion to take care of this part of your business in the same manner as you do in order to get the work itself done."

One factor which contributes a great deal to the success of Mr. Doremer in making collections is that his account data is kept on hand at all times. In the first place he uses typewriter paper to make a complete list of accounts with two duplicate copies. The name of the customer, his address, a brief description of what the work done consisted of and the way the ac-These sheets are count stands. bound into booklet forms. One booklet is kept in the office, another is carried in the car used by Mr. Doremer and his son, while the third is used by a stenographer in writing collection letters. Any payments of principal or interest made are promptly recorded in these books.

"The object," said Mr. Doremer, "in making such complete records is that it enables either me or my son to make collections anywhere we see a debtor, and there is never any argument over dates or amount of payment or other excuses made possible in the absence of complete records.

"Personal letters are the ones that

REGARDLESS of how careful a man may be in extending credit to his customers, he is bound to find a few slow pays in the lot. Folks who have given him notes or other promises to pay at a certain time and then try to beg off when the time arrives.

It is then up to the contractor to employ methods of getting the money without giving offense if possible. Last resort methods are apt to be pretty strenuous unless considerable thought is given them before they are put into execution.

In this article are illustrated some of the methods employed by A. J. Doremer, a midwest town sheet metal contractor, which have produced the cash without rubbing the fur too much the wrong way.

cut our losses and get the money. I hire a girl from the bank to work from 4 to 10:30 p. m. or so about every ten days. During this time I can dictate about 75 or 100 letters, and in doing this I make each letter apply to the individual to whom it is sent. This entails considerable extra work; it avoids the formal type of collection letter:

"You understand," continued Mr. Doremer, "that these letters have nothing to do with the monthly statements that are sent out. They are letters written to produce action on the part of the accounts that have become "slow pay."

"Instead of creating the impression that the collection letter is just a form letter sent to all customers, I make it ring true and apply to that particular person to let him know it is he whom I am expecting in to pay the bill. A letter, for in-

stance, may be started off something like this: 'Darn your hide, Joe, are you fixing to let me starve?' Such personal letters will bring in the average customer either to pay the entire bill or to make a partial payment on account and arrange for the remainder to be taken care of in a short time.

"Of course, some folks won't budge until you get hard with them. For these I also have a type of personal letter, but I have a little stunt that I use with considerable success on some of these more hardened critters. Here's how I couch letters of this type: 'I'm sorry, Jim, that I cannot renew your note for \$90. I wish you would look around in your neighborhood and see if you can't find some friend of yours to take this note off my hands if you can't settle it yourself.'

"They usually blow up when they get this letter. No one likes to have you suggest that he let his neighbors and freinds in on his business affairs, but when I tell him to look around for a buyer he thinks that I mean business.

"This type of letter brings in the hard ones, usually boiling over in rage. But it gets the money just the same. It brings in others who are not mad, but who will just say, 'I can't pay it; what are you going to do about it?'

"I used to get hard with the debtor too when I knew that he had spent his money for other things, but this is old stuff to him, as he hears this often from all the merchants he owes. I take him by surprise by letting him do all the arguing. I just agree, 'I don't see how you can pay either—but I can't carry you.' I throw it right back to him by asking, 'What are you going to do?'

"I let my customers do their own thinking and all the talking; they will usually figure out a way when forced to take the responsibility." Doremer gave an illustration of how the thing works. "A customer owed a note for \$100. As usual I answered his excuses with 'What are you going to do about it? I can't carry it. Most of my customers have paid up or paid half; I'll have to try and take care of them.'

"This customer was left to do his own thinking and not reprimanded for his poor business management, as is often done. After a few moments he said, 'Here's \$20 now. I feel sure that I can dig up the remainder in a few weeks.'

"Another stunt I use is that of embarrassing the debtor. I only use

this on rare occasions, however. This is the practice of not calling a customer from a crowd to be dunned. I have to use a bit of diplomacy in this matter, for I wait until I catch the hard-pay customer in a crowd of friends; then it is, 'Bill, by-Joe, I've got to have that twenty bucks you owe me.'

"At other times I wait until I see a debtor with his wife. I stop their car in the middle of the street; then I ask my customer's wife if she is in a hurry. As the answer is generally in the negative, I add, 'Well, make old Charlie come in here and give me a check for that thirty dollars.' Of course, all such comments are made with a smile and good naturedly, but the average hard-pay customer does not like to be jumped in a crowd.

"I find that he will either pay or drop around within the next few days and settle up, all in a good humor and no ill feelings towards me or my collection policies.

"Although these described collections methods get the cash in most instances, my collection troubles are not entirely solved so easily. There are still a few that have to be kidded into paying in a different manner. When personal soliciting and collection letters will not bring the cash in a reasonable length of time, I call on the customer to inform him that he is about to be sued. There is no argument nor hard words. I inform my customer that suit is to be entered, and I end with some such comment, 'Come on, get in the car and let's go over and fix up the papers at the court house.'

"Most people have little taste for court procedure. And never has a customer responded to the invitation to accompany me to the court house to enter suit. This little stunt gets the money from even the hard ones; but in some instances, others have held out still farther. In this event I have actually gone ahead to the

To collect money from a debtor who makes a business of staving off creditors as long as possible is an art that requires both tact and diplomacy. In this article is explained how one sheet metal contractor successfully meets every objection that the debtor can offer for non-payment of the bill.

He shows in this article how "hard boiled" debtors will endeavor to bluff him out and how he in turn switches the tables on them and makes them pay in spite of themselves. It's all in the way you handle them whether they pay or not, thinks this sheet metal man. When they know they can't bluff you, they will pay without much complaint.

court house and obtained proper papers to enter suit.

"I then go again to the customer with papers and say, 'Did you ever see any papers like these? Here, sit down and let's look these over together; I just want to be sure that you understand what you are up against when you are sued.'

"This action often brings a burst of temper from the customer, but at the sight of the legal papers he cools down to inquire, 'Why can't you wait a day or two. I'll raise some money sure.'

"That is my cue to explain, 'Sure, I'm no officer. I didn't come to serve these papers; I just came to make certain that you understood the situation. You come in and take care of this matter and I'll stop proceedings without any additional cost

to you."

The collection methods of this dealer may be quite different from those generally used, but probably it is their unique features that bring results. And, after all, it's results that count. Doremer's collection results are better understood when we know that he has more than four hundred active accounts of customers without losing any of any sizable value and without ever having to actually go to court to recover any account, the first step of the suit being all that is necessary to get some action.

Gary District Indiana Sheet Metal Meeting to Be Held in Hammond October 21

A meeting of the Gary District of the Indiana Sheet Metal and Roof-

ing Contractors' Association will be held in Hammond, Ind., on the night of October 21st.

The Indiana sheet metal and warm air heating contractors are making excellent progress with their association. They are staging a real comeback and getting themselves into a position where they

will soon be able to render some real service to their members.

The district meetings held throughout the year in various parts of the state have been a complete success.

It is hoped that everyone in the Gary district and as many as possible from the other districts nearby will present themselves at the Hammond meeting. There will be a good dinner and an excellent speaker, according to word from Harry Jones. You know that when Harry says ,it's going to be good it always is.

If you have had some unusual experience in collecting hard accounts, why not tell us about it so that we can tell others? Everybody will gain.



A. Kealer Associate Editor

Joint and Seam Construction For Cornice Work

By A. Kealer Instructor, Washburne Trade School

VARIOUS joints and seams for cornice work. The designs on

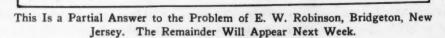
this plate show some of the joints generally used in cornice work, which in all probability will be of some help to your correspondent.

The rough sketch he sent in, without any details, does not help to give him a definite solution. Likewise about the sketch for the round pipe offset, half of the necessary information is missing. While he gave all the horizontal dimensions, he omitted the vertical dimensions entirely. For a proper solution of any problem, all the details are essential.

Of course, the fault is not always care lessness or oversight on the part of the person seeking the information. In a good many cases it is

just plain lack of knowledge of the fundamental principles underlying any problem in sheet metal pattern

drafting. One will often hear the remark made: I have several books on pattern drafting, but what I would like to know is not in the book. Which illus trates the point that most people neglect to study the fundamental principles in connection with sheet metal pattern drafting.



With so many opportunities offered by the local, state and federal g o v ernments to encourage industrial education throughout this country and with such excellent c o r r e spondence courses like the St. Louis Technical Institute and others, it behooves every sheet metal worker to increase his knowledge and experience in his chosen vocation and advance

Dealer

MERCHANDISING BOARD

IT IS GENERALLY conceded to be poor policy to interfere when a man and his wife are fighting, for in the end they generally combine forces and lick the intruder. By the same token, there are many men in the warm air industry who constantly say things about the industry who would fight at the drop of the hat if someone on the outside made the same remarks.

There is much to be done before the warm air industry takes its true place in the spotlight. Yet, many things have been done and are being done which stamp the executives behind the moves as progressives of the highest order.

A few years ago Dodge Bros. surprised the world of business by placing a dealer on the board of directors. The Premier Warm Air Heater Company, Dowagiac, Michigan, has gone them one better by creating a dealer merchandising board. At the present time no little amount of comment is being heard in merchandising and advertising circles over a recent move of the Premier Warm Air Heater Company.

At the request of the company during the 1929 dealer sales convention held in Dowagiac last spring five Premier dealers from as many different sections of the country were elected by their fellow dealers to serve as members of the Premier Merchandising Board. So far as is known, this was the first time in the history of the warm air industry that a manufacturer has seen fit to take his dealers into consultation on merchandising problems.

The dealer members are from five widely varying sections of the country. Carl Roelle comes from Columbus, Nebraska, a typical rural trading center. Jack Stowell is located in the intensely worked suburban territory about Chicago. Alex

For Premier

Friedman of Detroit knows metropolitan and racial conditions in the large city from long and bitter experience. Carl Mueller comes from Findlay, in the heart of industrial Ohio where furnace companies are thick as flakes in a snowstorm. Ed



He Avoids Business Ruts. In His Spare Moments He's Sales Manager of Premier

Brandes hails from Madison, Wisconsin, a state capital, college town and city of fine homes. The opinions and criticisms of these five men are thus of greatest value in determining the suitability of a sales plan for the country as a whole or by sections.

The merchandising board has been busy through the summer working on a new sales plan for 1930. The first session of the board was held at Dowagiac during the latter part of September, when the

new 1930 sales plan was unanimously approved by these dealer members.

Testing products at the expense of the consumer and testing sales plans at the expense of the dealer in this age of hurry and bustle to get new products on the markets and new plans into effect is a common fault of many industries, including the furnace industry. Quick over-night results are apparently preferred to the slower but more lasting results of trial and error before launching a new product or sales plan.

The Premier Warm Air Heater Company, it appears, has been thoroughly awakened to the weakness of this procedure. They have determined to renounce the generally accepted way of doing things and have turned to a policy of knowing definitely what their product will do under any and all conditions and knowing exactly what can be expected of a sales plan before making a new product or plan public to both dealer and consumer.

For more than a year, in line with this plan, five Premier DeLuxe heaters have been fired under every condition of climate and temperature with results closely checked and tabulated.

All sales plans affecting the dealer are not put into operation until passed upon and approved by this group. At all times during the building of a dealer sales plan they are consulted by correspondence, and when the plan has been worked up into such shape as to allow a presentation, these five men are called together at Dowagiac when the final drafting of the plan is done.

Progressive Exploitation Brings Added Furnace Sales

City Celebration Gives Dealer His Chance

AST Labor day the citizenry of Marysville, Kansas, turned out to view a big parade and celebration, and, of course, B. G. Guffee, a wide-awake furnace dealer, saw an opportunity to exploit his wares. Mounting a large warm air furnace on a truck, decorating it with crepe paper and using a window trim dealer help, he made a very attractive float for this parade, which passed up and down the main streets of Marysville.

Just a word or two about Mr. Guffee, better known as Lem, is necessary. Lem is a real warm air furnace specialist. Every job he puts in is a fine installation and he gets his price. Every job is giving satisfactoin, and as a consequence people for forty miles around Marysville, Kansas, call up Lem when they need a new furnace or

furnace repairs. Lem is one of the few furnace men who finds business good and has more orders than he can take care of.

In talking to Lem Guffee you will learn that s a t i s faction is the most important element in furnace installation. He will tell you to bank on and sell the Standard Code job; to try to

make every installation just a little better than the one that preceded it.

In the accompanying photograph, which shows the truck, stands, reading from right to left, John Bashan, the Midland Furnace Company representative, who assisted Mr. Guffee in making plans for the Labor Day celebration. Next, Lem Guffee himself. Lem's exploitation does not stop with outdoor display. His place of business is well kept and neat and clean.

His windows are trimmed with his manufacturer's furnace and window trim, which is changed at various intervals. A woman customer can enter Lem Guffee's place without fear of soiling or tearing her clothing.

Mr. Guffee is a business man and a warm air heating specialist worthy of imitation. International Heating Exposition Scheduled for January, 1930, Philadelphia

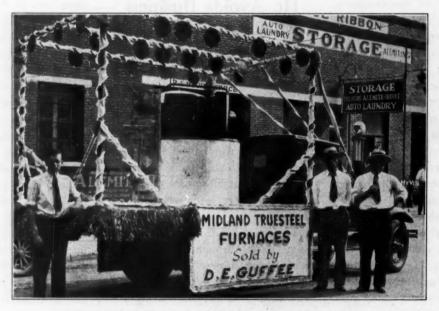
An International Heating and Ventilating Exposition is to be held in the Commercial Museum, Philadelphia, January 27th to 31st, 1930, during the period of the 36th annual meeting of the American Society of Heating and Ventilating Engineers. This will be an important meeting.

E. B. Langenberg of the Langenberg Manufacturing Company, St. Louis, F. R. Still of the American Blower Company, Detroit, and H. C. Murphy, of the Reed Air Filter Company, Louisville, are members of the advisory committee, while on the cooperating committee we find the names of C. E. Hall, Hall-Neal Furnace Company, Indianapolis, and H. T. Richardson, of Richard-

son & Boynton Company, New York.

Charles F.
Roth, with offices in the
Grand Central
Palace, New
York City, is the
manager of the
exposition.

Many of the papers pertaining to warm air heating presented at the meeting will appear in these pages. Look for them.



The Float Used uy Mr. Guffee During the Celebration

LOW CHIMNEYS

How They Affect the Sale and Success of Warm Air Heating Systems

By L. W. Millis

OUR attention tonight is to be directed to an ultimate understanding of why houses exactly alike, except the chimneys, may require different-sized furnaces.

In order to establish in our minds the properties and office of the chimney we will rehearse some of our previous studies on chimneys. You already know that the height of a chimney creates the draft or suction needed to draw the required air through the bed of fuel. The more dense the bed of fuel or the deeper the charge of coal, the greater the draft should be. Therefore, the higher the chimney should be. The larger the fire is, assuming the same depth of fuel bed, the larger the cross section or area of the chimney must be. The relation of these to the heating requirements of the house can be properly arranged while the house is under construction. But when you examine a house and find a chimney manifestly inadequate, you meet a heating problem of the first magnitude.

If you sell a furnace within the ordinary rating of the chimney, you may fail to heat the house. You, of course, know that the hotter the chimney gets the stronger the draft will be, but it takes time to get a chimney hot and also it requires extra fuel. You are all familiar with jobs that require several hours to get enough fire going to warm the house, while others heat up quickly. Your problem in such a house is to be able to select the equipment that will give the best service possible. You must also be able to decide in some cases whether it is better for you or your competitor to get the contract. It is my purpose to try to show you how to determine in a fairly exact manner,

and without the use of a draft gauge, the limitations of the chimneys you find already installed.

In order to do this, I can think of no way to talk chimney language except to use the expression, "inches of water." Now don't panic. It is no more mysterious than B.t.u. and we lived through that. The draft that a furnace requires and the draft a chminey will give are both expressed in the same terms; namely, "inches of water." It should, therefore, be possible to compare them with reasonable accuracy. So far as I know there is no publication setting up such a comparison.

A column of warm gas in a chimney (or anywhere else) weighs less than a similar column of cold air outside of the chimney. It, therefore, has the power to draw air through the bed of fuel. This difference of pressure will balance a

*Warm Air Study Club of Security Stove & Mfg. Co.

TABLE NO. 1

		Draft per foot of flue height in inches of water						
Flue temp	Average temp. in	Outside Temperature						
Degrees.	chimney Degrees	At O Deg.	At 30 Deg.	At 50 Deg.	At 70 Deg.			
300	100	.00216	.00114	•00053	•00009			
450	200	A - 2-1 N - 2 1 1	•00333	.00272				
500	200	.00435	•00345	.00280	•00255			
650	300	.00580	.00494	.00433	.00380			
700	300	•00596	•00500	.00450	.00385			
800	400	•00680	•00600	•00540	.00500			
850	400	•00700	-00618	.00557	•00515			
900	400	.00720	•00630	•00570	•00525			

TABLE NO. 2

					Height	of Chimney	y above Gr	ate
Sq.Ft.of grate in furnace	Lbs. Inches coal Draft at 5 req'd lbs. at 5 per lb.rate	Draft c	Coal at 3	Inches Draft req'd	Draft of Chimney in Inches of Wate at an assumed temp. of 300 degrees			
		lbs. per hr.	at 3 lbs. per hr.	.155	.179	.238		
1.22	6.1 .177	.177	3.6 .151	minimum inside size of chimney				
1.50	0.1	0.1 .177 3.0 .131	•101	8X8	8X8			
1.97	9.8	.189	5.9	.154	8X8	8X8		
2.64	13.2	.192	8.	.158		8X8	9X12	
3.17	15.8	.195	9.5	.162		8x8	9X12	

column of water of some certain height. Consequently the draft of a chimney is expressed in "inches of water."

Table No. 1 is compiled from such authorities as I have been able to comprehend and adapt to our use. It is necessary to assume some temperature on which to base operations. Much of the chimney literature gives "flue temperatures," but fails to state at what point in the chimney the temperature is found. Table No. 1 assumes certain temperatures at the collar of the furnace and also assumes an average between that point and the top of the chimney. The table gives the decimal inches of water per foot of chimney height. In general, low flue temperatures are less wasteful than high temperatures.

Reference to the table indicates that in zero weather a chimney with 900 degrees at smoke collar will give about three times as much draft as at 300 degrees. But it costs money to throw such hot gases out of the chimney top. It also takes a long time to build up fire enough to get such a temperature.

By the use of Table No. 1 we can determine the power, or draft, of a chimney already in the building. Assuming, of course, that the chimney is free from cracks and bad offsets in which mortar or soot can lodge. Now, if we can ascertain how many "inches of water"

furnaces require, we can balance one against the other with reasonable accuracy.

The November and December issues of the *Aerologist* in the year 1926 contained a method of determining approximately the "inches of water" required by a warm air furnace, and is as follows:

Let A equal the depth of fuel in the firepot expressed in inches.

Let B equal the rate of combustion (pounds of fuel burned per hour per square foot of grate).

Let C equal length of fire travel in feet from the top of the fuel bed to the smoke pipe.

Let D equal number of right angle turns of gas travel between fuel bed and smoke pipe.

Then

$$\left. \begin{array}{c} A \times B \times .001 \\ Plus \ C \times .001 \\ Plus \ D \times .03 \end{array} \right\} \ equals$$

Draft required as shown on gauge expressed in inches of water.

Let us suppose a furnace with firepot twelve inches deep and that it requires five pounds of coal per square foot of grate per hour to create sufficient heat. Also suppose that it is eight feet from the top of fuel to the smoke collar and that there are three right angle turns within the furnace.

Then

$$A = 12$$
 $B = 5$
 $C = 8$
 $D = 3$

Substituting these figures for the letters in the formula, we have:

The furnace, therefore, requires a chimney having a draft equal to .158 "inches of water." However, smoke pipe with elbows will add not less than .032 inches, making a total of .19 inches required in the chimney.

Perhaps you have already caught the idea that a larger grate area and a thin fuel bed will give equal heat (theoretically) and require less draft. Suppose that we use a larget grate so that the fuel needs to be only seven inches deep and that the rate can be three pounds per hour.

Then

$$7 \times 3 \times .001 = .021 \\
8 \times .001 = .008 \\
3 \times .03 = .090$$
Add smoke pipe as before
$$0.032$$

Therefore, a chimney with .039 inches less draft can be used and give better results than with the smaller furnace using a deeper bed of fuel. During the past two winters I have followed this plan where circumstances permitted. In order to make the information available for those who have no draft gauge,

I have created Table No. 2, which is plain enough to enable a furnace man to "size" his furnace to the chimney or to pass up the job if he can not "balance" the requirements.

Let us suppose that a certain house could be heated with a furnace having a grate area of 1.22 sq. ft. if five pounds of coal per sq. ft. (equal to 6.1 lbs. coal) are burned per hour. But the chimney is only 26 ft. from grate line to top of chimney. The furnace will require a draft of .177 "inches," while the chimney has only .155 "inches" after it gets up to a temperature of 300 degrees. Manifestly it would be unwise to install that size furnace. If, however, the chimney is 30 ft. high it would be a safe furnace to use.

Now let us see what can be done with the 26-ft. chimney. Reference to Table No. 2 shows that, a furnace with 1.97 sq. ft. of grate will burn almost the same amount of coal at a three-pound rate (5.9 lbs. as compared with 6.1), and only requires .154 "inches" of draft and comes within the capacity of the 26-ft. chimney. Therefore, you can sell your prospect a furnace that will give him proper heat, notwithstanding the chimney is not as high as it really should be.

The inside sizes of chimney given are calculated to carry the amount of gas the given size will carry at 300 degrees temperature. You will note that a draft gauge is not needed to use Table No. 2.

It is possible that you want to know what value Table No. 1 has. It is useful to a man trying to find out what a chimney will do on a zero day, although it may only be 30, 50 or 70 degrees outside. It is necessary to have a draft gauge to get accurate comparisons.

Suppose you find a chimney 30 feet high. You will build a little fire and get a temperature at furnace collar of 500 degrees and 200 degrees in chimney and 70 degrees outside. Suppose your draft gauge then shows .0765 "inches." Then, .0765 ÷ 30 ft. = .00255 "inches" of draft per foot of height. The table verifies the draft. Let us assume that the furnace will require .20

"inches" of draft in zero weather and it is assumed that a collar temperature of 650 degrees will be permissible. As the draft gauge indicated a draft of .00255 at 70 degrees, we may expect to obtain .0058 "inches" at zero under the conditions we have assumed. Then .0058 x 30 ft. = .174 "inches" of draft. The furnace requires .20 "inches." Consequently, .20 - .174 = .026 shortage. Either the chimney should be higher or the chimney must be heated to a higher temperature. This last increases fuel cost and also it takes a long time to get the chimney hot enough to get the furnace warm enough to heat the

In all the foregoing it is assumed that the chimneys are tight and capable of creating their rated draft. As a matter of fact, a great many chimneys have defects (visible and invisible) which reduce their ability to create draft. Many of these defects have been discussed in various articles in the American Artisan.

The Warm Air Study Club or the Security Stove and Manufacturing Company have contributed articles appearing

March 31, 1923 April 7, 1923 April 14, 1923 May 12, 1923 June 2, 1923 October 8, 1927 December 11, 1927

I want to urge upon you that this discussion is not an argument in favor of inefficient chimneys. It is only intended to help you to give the unfortunate house owner a heating plant that will answer, and also to enable you to determine when it is unsafe to sell even the best of heating plants.

Statement of the Ownership, Management, Circulation, Etc., Required by the Act of Congress of August 24, 1912,

of AMERICAN ARTISAN, published weekly at Chicago, Ill., for October 1, 1929. State of Illinois, County of Cook—ss.

Before me, a notary public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared Etta Cohn, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that she is the business manager of AMERICAN ARTISAN, and that the following is, to the best of her knowledge and belief, a true statement of the

ownership, management (and if a daily paper, the circulation), etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in Section 411, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse of this form, to wit:

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business managers are:

Publisher — Porter-Spofford-Langtry Corp., 139 North Clark Street, Chicago, III

Editor—George J. Duerr. Managing Editor— Business Manager—Etta Cohn.

2. That the owner is: (If owned by a corporation, its name and address must be stated and also immediately thereunder the names and addresses of stockholders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of stock. If not owned by a corporation, the names and addresses of the individual owners must be given. If owned by a firm, company, or other unincorporated concern, its name and address, as well as those of each individual member, must be given.)

Porter-Spofford-Langtry Corp., 139 N.

Clark St., Chicago, Ill. H. H. Bede, 139 N. Clark St., Chicago, Ill. J. C. Langtry, 139 N. Clark St., Chi-

cago, Ill. F. D. Porter, 139 N. Clark St., Chi-

cago, III. C. W. Spofford, 5 S. Wabash Ave., Chicago, III.

3. That the known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities are: (If there are none, so state.)

American Artisan and Hardware Rec-

4. That the two paragraphs next above, giving the names of the owners, stockholders, and security holders, if any, contain not only the list of stockholders and security holders as they appear upon the books of the company but also, in cases where the stockholder or security holder appears upon the books of the company as trustee or in any other fiduciary relation, the name of the person or corporation for whom such trustee is acting, is given; also that the said two paragraphs contain statements embracing affiant's full knowledge and belief as to the circumstances and conditions under which stockholders or security holders who do not appear upon the books of the company as trustees, hold stock and securities in a capacity other than that of a bona fide owner; and this affiant has no reason to believe that any other person, association or corporation has any interest direct or indirect in the said stock, bonds or other securities than so stated by her.

5. That the average number of copies of this publication sold or distributed, through the mails or otherwise, to paid subscribers during the six months preceding the date shown above is. (This information is required from daily publications only.)

ETTA COHN, Business Manager.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 20th day of September, 1929.

(Seal) SARAH B. BOYNTON.
(My commission expires October 16, 1932).

Central Alloy to Acquire Interstate Steel & Iron Company

The Central Alloy Steel Corporation of Massillon, Ohio, is now perfecting plans to acquire the Interstate Iron & Steel Company, Chicago.

Acquisition of the Interstate holdings will bring together properties having combined assets of more than \$92,000,000 and will strengthen Central's position in the alloy steel industry.

The Interstate Iron & Steel Company operates plants at East Chicago, Indiana, and South Chicago, having a capacity of over 400,000 tons of finished products a year.

The Central Alloy Steel Corporation specializes in high grade steels. In 1928 the corporation became a party to an agreement between several American interests and the Krupp Works of Germany under which the Krupp Nirosta Company had been formed to act as agent between American alloy steel makers.

In commenting on the proposed acquisition, F. J. Griffiths, chairman of the board of directors of the Central Steel Corporation, declared that the plants of the Interstate are well adapted to the production of alloy steel and its facilities will greatly strengthen the position of Central Alloy in the Chicago district, particularly with reference to the corrosion resisting alloys. As a result, he added, Central Alloy's toncan iron will now be readily available to western consumers, notably the railroads and the petroleum district.

Berger Has Useful Wall Card with Convenient Tables

The Berger Brothers Company, 229 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa., have recently prepared for distribution among sheet metal contractors an exceedingly useful shop card having several tables of everyday use to the sheet metal contractor. The card is so arranged that it can be hung up over the desk and thereby made available for ready reference.

A request for one of these cards sent direct to the company will be promptly filled. No charge is made for them.

Heating Systems Corp. Begins Production of Mechanical Heating Unit

Heating Systems Corp., Joliet, Illinois, is now in production on its new mechanical warm air heating units. The one shown in the illustration is the first of five that are being built in Joliet.

It is a welded steel job. It weighs approximately $2\frac{1}{2}$ tons, is built of $\frac{1}{4}$ inch boiler plate, is electrically welded throughout, with the exception of the center joint, which is a special design.

The unit is so constructed that it is possible to take it through any 3t ft. by 7 ft. door. The heater stands 83 inches tall, 60 inches wide and 105 inches long, is supplied with heavy rocker grates and two shaking levers, permitting the shaking of either the front or rear grate section.

It is fire brick lined and has a fire brick protecting collar around the neck where gases enter into a secondary combustion chamber, also fire brick protecting collars where gases pass into radiators. Each radiator has four inlets, and cast baffles are placed therein for directing the gases. Angle irons are welded onto the side of body acting as shields for the directing of the air flow over the heater.

Two cleanouts are provided for in the radiators and the design of the heater is such as to permit the radiators being turned so as the smoke outlet can be taken from the front instead of the back.

It is suitable with oil or gas because of the quick heat transfer and so designed to take care of any undue expansion of rapid temperature changes.

The capacity of this heater on the basis of a combustion rate of 8 pounds of coal per square foot of grate. The heater has a capacity of 12,000 CFM from zero to 120 degrees. There are two sizes, one approximately 40 per cent smaller than the one described.

W. C. Markle to Speak at Metal Branch Meeting

W. C. Markle, secretary of the National Association of Sheet Metal Contractors, will have something interesting to say to the members of the Metal Branch of the National Hardware Association. His remarks

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The New Mechanical Heating Unit of Heating Systems Corporation and Its Inventor, R. W. Menk

will concern themselves with the manner in which sheet metal distributors can more fully cooperate with sheet metal contractors.

The meeting will be held October 22nd in the Ohio Avenue hall, ground floor of the Hotel Blenheim. Chairman Schoedinger will preside.

On Tuesday at 2 p. m. the regular meeting of the Metal Branch will be held in the Ohio Avenue hall, which will be attended by representatives of the mills, sheet metal distributors and hardware wholesalers handling sheet metals.

One of the principal subjects for discussion will be the question of holding a Trade Practice Conference under the auspices of the Federal Trade Commission, at which time Honorable M. Markham Flannery, Chairman of the Trade Practice Division of the Federal Trade Commission, Washington, D. C., will address the meeting.

Hart & Cooley Tells Why They Have Enlarged Their Facilities

The Hart & Cooley Manufacturing Company, New Britain, Connecticut, has recently issued a very attractive booklet entitled "Triple Service" in which they describe their reasons for having enlarged their facilities.

A short but interesting written history of the business is given, the location of the three plants and why they are located where they are.

Another very interesting feature of the booklet is the pictures of the men who built the business and those who will carry it on. Pictures of the entire sales force are also included. And you may be sure that the picture of R. W. Blanchard, president and sales manager, occupies a prominent place among this sales group.

TOO MANY SHOPS

(Concluded from Page 55)
the subject I always came back to
the same conclusion: that there is a
need for a live sheet metal man in
this town. After I found that I
could not interest any of what were

then my employers in letting me share their business, I decided that the only way I could get to be of the greatest possible service to the community and make a good living for myself and family, was to go into it on my own. I had then every reason to believe that there is plenty of work to be done in this town, and since I've gone into it on my own I have had no occasion to change my mind. While those alleged competitors of mine are bemoaning the fact that sooner or later I must fail, because there is not enough business to be had, I'm out getting business which they don't even know exists. I'm sawing wood while they're warming the seats in their shops. And now, if they will just continue to warm those seats a little longer I will have things my own way."

So you see, it's not a question of how many others there are in the field as it is a question of how well those who are there already are filling the bill. In the case mentioned I happened to know that the young man was eminently successful in his venture. In spite of the fact that one of the largest factories in the town had moved away-it is just a small town, too-and in spite of the fact that his seven competitors had prophesied failure for him he established his business on the firm foundation of filling a real need, and none there was who could say him nay. Four of his competitors went out of business shortly thereafter. The remaining three finally reëstablished themselves after a fashion, but before they were able to do this he had "captured the town," so to speak, and was soon recognized as the leading sheet metal man there.

A lot of men have their eyes on a place where they would like to live. Then because they have not the means to live in the place of their choice without working, they decide to enter business there, instead of selecting a place to set up in business where there is a real need for the kind of service which they can render. That is perhaps one of the reasons why the business mortality rate is as high as it is in the sheet

metal and warm air heating industry.

There is only one yard stick with which to measure the chance of success of any business in any locality and that is, is there a need for the kind of service the business will render and will the business be able to render that service to the satisfaction of those who will be required to pay for it?

The young man in question would, indeed, have had slim pickings had any two of his competitors been actively engaged in seeking out business in the town. But his investigations indicated to him a condition which contained opportunity for the right man and determined that he would be that man.

Stibloy a New Galvanized Iron Protective Liquid Metal Compound

Liquid Metal Products, Inc., 231 South La Salle Street, Chicago, has issued a booklet descriptive of a new product which they term "Stibloy."

This product is a metal compound in liquid form, developed to extend the life of galvanized surfaces by protecting them from the effects of atmospheric conditions, and from the damage caused by exposure to gases, acid fumes, smoke, and brine.

According to the manufacturer's description of the product, it is not a paint, but acts as a primer which holds paint, enamel, and lacquer firmly when applied to galvanized metal surfaces before painting, permitting the immediate painting of new galvanized iron. It also acts as a sizing for paper poster signs.

It is said to protect and preserve galvanized roofing, siding, sheeting, guttering, downspouts, wire fencing, air ducts and other galvanized products.

In addition to describing the product in considerable detail, the booklet also contains fac-similies of letters from the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company and the Sherwin-Williams Company describing the results of tests which these companies have made with the product.

RANDOM NOTES AND SKETCHES

Kitty—"Jack says he can read me like a book."

Phyllis—"Perhaps he means, dear, that you are a very plain type."

Miss Merrick, Louisville—"Dad, I want some money for my trousseau."

E. J. Merrick, President National Association of Sheet Metal Contractors (her father)—"But, my dear child, I didn't even know you were engaged."

Miss Merrick—"Good heavens, Dad! Don't you ever read American Artisan?"

Beggar to Mrs. Albert J. Wagner, Chicago—"Kind lady, I was not always like this."

Mrs. Wagner—"No. Last week it was your other arm that was missing."

Art Lamneck, W. E. Lamneck Co., Columbus, was playing alone. Two boys kept following him around the course. At the ninth hole he turned to the boys and said: "You'll never learn to play watching me."

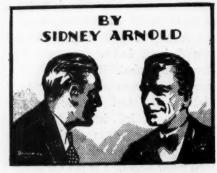
"We're not watching you," said one of the boys. "We're going fishing as soon as you dig up some more worms."

Jack—"So your father demurred at first because he didn't want to lose you?"

Ethel—"Yes, but I won his consent. I told him that he need not lose me. We could live with him, and so he would not only have me, but a son-in-law to boot."

Jack—"H'm! I don't like that expression 'to boot."

I had a very pleasant visit with Harry Jones, Standard Metal Mfg. Co., Indianapolis, on Wednesday of this week. It seems that there was



some kind of an important baseball game in the city on that day, and there may have been some connection between that and the fact that Harry was in town. He said, however, that he came up especially to invite me down to the Indiana Sheet Metal District meeting that is to be held in Hammond on the night of the 21st. I believe him.

"Please, ma'am, may we borrow your phonograph?"

"Do you want to dance?"
"No, we wanta sleep."

Mr. L. W. Zahner of A. Zahner & Co., 3041 Wyandotte St., Kansas City, Mo., had the surprise of his life the other day when his neighbor told him this one:

* *

Mr. Zahner's little daughter, Margaret Ann, was paying her new neighbor a visit when the woman remarked about her having such beautiful, auburn, curly hair, and asked her: "Has your mother curly hair?" "No," she answered. "Has your daddy curly hair?" continued the new neighbor. "No," said Margaret Ann, "but our next door neighbor has."

Harry Rhodes, Grand Rapids—
"Remember when we first met in
the revolving door at the postoffice?"



Frank Ederle, Detroit—"That wasn't the first time we met."

Harry—"Well, that's when we began going around together."

Abie—"Dat's a captivating dress Rebecca has on tonight."

Ikie—"Yass; I kepta vating a long time before I bought it for her."

Thanks to the Crossword Puzzle First Flea—"So you've left that old hyena, eh?"

Second Flea—"Yeah, I've got me a gnu location."

Disturbed Customer—"The shoes you sold me haven't any tongues."

Salesman (affably)—"Well, you said you like to dress as quietly as possible."

Frank Mehrings of Meyer Furnace Co.—"This blueberry pie tastes queer, dear."

Mrs. Frank—"Perhaps I put too much bluing in it."

William Bohnett, 5216 Broadway, Chicago, sheet metal contractor, said to me the other day that a financial man from Wall Street told that "scientist studying fish that live a mile deep in water might first complete study of those living on the surface."

E. R. Smale, Mohr-Jones Co., Racine—"Why is it that so many men have nervous prostration these days?"

His boss, G. G. Jones—"They've always had it, only we used to call it delirium tremens."

I had a short chat with Ed Stahler of the G. & S. Stove & Furnace Co., Chicago, on Friday. Ed is recovering from a severe cold. Too much furnace work, I guess.

THE IMPROVED HYRO "UNXLD" DAMPER QUADRANT

REDESIGNED FRAME

Patented December 23, 1919,
No. 1,326,096

MALLEABLE IRON HANDLE

A new quadrant for regulating dampers in hot and cold air ducts, blower systems, etc., with these improvements:

LARGER BEARING SURFACE. The new type quadrant provides a much larger bearing surface for the rod, eliminating the possibility of the rod slipping out, and also doing away with the objectionable rattling of the damper.

MALLEABLE IRON HANDLE. The handle of the new quadrant is made of malleable iron.

It is more rigid than the old handle and makes a much neater installation.

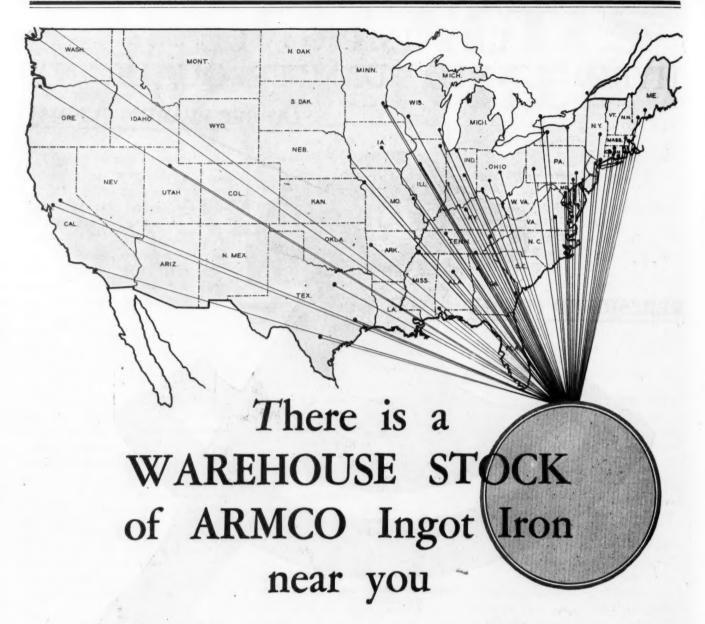
REDESIGNED FRAME. The frame of the 3/8 Quadrant is smaller than that of the old model. This size was determined to be the most practical for regulating dampers that require a 3/8 Quadrant. The frame of the 1/2 Quadrant will remain the same size.

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Milwaukee Corrugating Co. Townley Metal & Hardware Co.

Knoxville, Tenn. C. M. McClung & Co.

La Crosse, Wis.
Milwaukee Corrugating Co.

Lewiston, Me. Brown-Wales Co.

Los Angeles, Calif. California Cornice Works, Inc. Holbrook, Merrill & Stetson

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The C. S. Mersick & Co.

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The Orleans Steel Products Co., Inc.

Greater New York

Bruce & Cook, Inc.

The Republic Metalware Co.

Oakland, Calif. Dunham, Carrigan & Hayden Co.



Omaha, Neb. Ceco Steel & Wire Co.

Peoria, Ill. Ceco Steel & Wire Co. Philadelphia, Pa

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David Lupton's Sons Co.
Merchant & Evans Co.
Horace T. Potts & Co.
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Demmler Bros. Co. Follansbee Bros. Co. McClure-Johnson Co. Portland, Me.

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ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA

Middletown, Ohio

Chicago Warehouse Metal and Furnace Supply Prices

AMERICAN ARTISAN is the only publication containing Western Metal, Furnace Supply and Hardware prices corrected weekly

Note: These Prices Are Chicago Warehouse Prices of Metal, to Which Must Be Added Freight to Cities Outside of Chicago.

METALS	LEAD American Pig	Adams' Sheet Metal	FIRE POTS
PIG IBON	Bar 8 60	8 inch, doz	Geo. W. Diener Mfg. Ge. Be No. 02 Gasoline Torch, 1
Chicago Fdy., No. 2	TIN Bar Tinper 100 lbs. \$53 00		No. 9250, Kerosene, er
Bouthern Fdy. No. 2 21 51 Lake Superior Charcoal . 27 04 Malleable 20 00	HARDWARE, SHEET	EAVES TROUGH	No. 10 Tinner's Furn.
FIRST QUALITY BRIGHT CHARCOAL TIN PLATES	METAL SUPPLIES,	Galv. Crimpedge, crated75-10%	No. 15 Tinner's Furn.
FC 90-99 119 shoots \$99 E4	WARM AIR FURNACE	Zinc, "Barnes"60%	Round tank, 1 gal 10 To No. 21 Gas Soldering Pur-
IX 20x28 35 56 IXX 20x28 56 sheets 14 56 IXXX 20x28 15 66 IXXXX 20x28 17 66	FITTINGS AND ACCES- SORIES.	ELBOWS	No. 110 Automatic Gas
TERNE PLATES Per Box	ASBESTOS	Cenductor Pipe Galv. plain or corrugated.	Soldering Furnace 10 50
IC 20x28, 40-lb. 112 sheets \$26 70 IX 20x28, 40-lb. 112 sheets 29 70 IC 20x28, 25-lb. 112 sheets 22 20	Paper up to 1/166c per lb. Roll board7½c per lb. Mill board 3/32 to ½. 7½c per lb. Corrugated Paper (250	round flat Crimp, 28 Gauge60%	GALVANIZED WARE
TW 20-22, 26-1b, 112 sheets 25 30	Collagated Label (200	36 Gauge	Pails (Galv. after made), 10-qt\$3 e
IC 20x28, 20-lb. 112 sheets 20 26 IV 20x28, 20-lb. 112 sheets 23 00 "ARMCO" INGOT IRON PLATES	DECOLLO	Galv. Terne Steel	Tubs (Galv. after made). No. 1 5 70
No. 8 ga.—100 lbs	Bristle with handle each \$0.75	Plain Rd. and Rd. Corr.: 28 Ga60%	No. 1 6 50
% in.—100 lbs 3 86 COKE PLATES	Steel only, each 1 36	26 Ga	GLASS
Cokes, 80 lbs., base, 20x28 \$12 00 Cokes, 90 lbs., base, 20x28 12 20	CEMENT, FURNACE	Square Corrugated	Single Strength, A, all brackets85%
Cokes, 100 lbs., base, 20228 12 40 Cokes, 107 lbs., base, IC	American Seal, 5-lb. cans, net \$ 45 American Seal, 10-lb. cans, net \$ 85 American Seal, 25-lb. cans, net 2 25	No. 28 Gauge	Single Strength, B, all brackets
20x38 Cokes, 185 lbs., base, IX 20x28	Pecoraper 100 lbs. 7 50 CHIMNEY TOPS	Portico Elbows	Double Strength, A, all brackets
Cokes, 155 lbs., base, 2X, 56 sheets	Adams' Bevolving Wt. Doz. Price Doz. 4 in\$1 lbs\$11 00	Standard Gauge Conductor Pipe, plain or corrugated.	Double Strength, B, all brackets87%
56 sheets	6 in	Not nested	HANGERS
BLUE ANNEALED SHEETS Base 10 gaper 100 lbs. \$3 \$5 "Armco" 10 gaper 100 lbs. 4 15	8 in	Sq. Corr., A. & B. & Octagon	Conductor Pipe
ONE PASS COLD BOLLED	12 in	28 Ga	Milcor Perfection Wire25% Milcor Triplex Wire16% Eaves Trough
No. 18-20per 100 lbs. \$3 85 No. 22per 100 lbs. 4 00	CLINKER TONGS Each\$1 50	Portice	Milcor Steel (galv. after forming) from List
No. 24per 100 lbs. 4 15	Damper CLIPS	1", 1%", 1%"45%	Milcor Selflock E. T. Wire, List
No. 27 per 100 lbs. 4 20 No. 28 per 100 lbs. 4 30 No. 29 per 100 lbs. 4 45	No-Rivet Steel, with tail pieces, per gross\$9 50 Rivet Steel, with tail	Copper 16 oz., all designs40%	ne a letation of
No. 30per 100 lbs. 4 66 "ARMCO" GALVANIZED	pieces, per gross 7 50 Tail pieces, per gross 3 40	Zine-	Conductor
"Armeo" 24per 100 lbs. \$6 18 GALVANIZED	COPPERS—Soldering Pointed Roofing	All styles60%	"Direct Drive" Wrought Iron for wood or brick18%
No. 16 per 100 lbs. \$4 40 No. 18 per 100 lbs. 4 55	1 lb. and heavierper lb. 40c 11/2 lbper lb. 45c 1 lbper lb. 48c	ELBOWS—Stove Pipe	HUMIDIFIER
No. 20per 100 lbs. 4 70 No. 22per 100 lbs. 4 75 No. 24per 100 lbs. 4 90	1 1bper lb. 55c 1 lbper lb. 60c	1-piece Corrugated. Uniform Blue "Milcor" No. 28 Gauge. Dos.	"Front-Rank," Automatic
No. 26per 100 lbs. 5 15 No. 27per 100 lbs. 5 25	CORNICE BRAKES Chicago Steel Bending	5-inch	In single lots
No. 30per 100 lbs. 5 80	Nos. 1 to 6BNet	Special Corrugated	In lots of 25 or more50-10%
Warranted 50-50 per 100 lbs. \$31 26	Gal., plain, round or cor. rd. 26 gauge	6-inch	Vapor pans, etc., each50%
48-52per 100 lbs. 30 61 45-55per 100 lbs. 29 26 Plumbers'per 100 lbs. 27 26	DAMPERS Yankee Hot Air	Adjustable—Uniform Blue	Stove Cover
ZINC In Slabs 7 35	7 Inch, doz	"Milcor" No. 28 Gauge. Uniform Blue.	Copperedper gro. \$6 60 Alaskaper gro. 4 78
SHEET ZINC Cask Lots (600 lbs.)\$11 75	9 inch, doz	5-inch	MALLETS
BRASS	ADAMS No. 1 CHECK	WOOD FACES—60% off list.	Tinners Hickoryper dos. \$2 35
Sheets, Chicago base24 4 c Mill base	Check and Collar Complete 8 inch, each	FENCE	MITRES
Tubing, brazed, Chicago base 31% c Mill base36% c Tubing, seamless, Chicago	9 inch, each	726-4-121/5% (100 rods)\$28 68	Galvanized steel mitres
Mill base28 4 c	Collar Only	1948-6-14%% (100 rods) 43 63	28 Ga
Wire, Chicago base24% c Mill base23% c Rods. Chicago base22% c	8 inch, each	FILES AND RASPS Heller's (American)50-10%	- Maria Maria Cara
Mill base21%c	8 inch, each	Arcade	NAILS Cut Steel, base\$4 00
Sheets, Chicago base27% c Mill base26% c	10% Disc. on Adams No. 1 and No. 2 Check	Black Diamond	Wire
Tubing, seamless, Chicago base	Diamond Smoke Pipe 7 inch, dos	McClellan	Common Wire, L. C. L 3 20 Cement Coated 3 20
Wire, plain rd., 8 B. & S. Go. and heavier25% c	9 inch, doz 4 80 10 inch, dox 5 60	Nicholson	(Continued on page 76)
		The state of the s	

MASHALLTOWN

Rotary Throatless Shears

ONLY three moving Parts—takes sheets of unlimited width and up to ½ inch gauge.

Cuts curves in any direction—straight—circular or any

irregular shape desired.

Easy to operate—hand or power—nothing to get out of order—a speedy worker and the shear keeps sharp even after months



CHICAGO STEEL SLITTING SHEAR LIGHT-POWERFUL **DURABLE**

MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA

Capacity 10 gauge sheets Any Length or Width Flat Bars 3/16x2" Weight 22 pounds

Price \$15.00 Net F. O. B. Chicago

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Quality and Service Made 'em Famous

Made of one piece of heavy gauge material, in all styles and angles from 10 to 90 degrees, of 24, 26, 28 ga. ternes, then galvanized after formation.

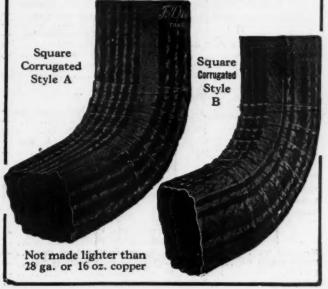
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are the standard of the market and always give satisfaction

Send for new catalogue 26 showing complete line

The Ferdinand Dieckmann Co.

P. O. Station B, Cincinnati, O.



ADVERTISERS' INDEX Markets--Continued from Page 74

The dash (—) indicates that the advertisement runs

on a regular schedule but	does not appear in this issue.		200-lb. barrel\$14 00	b'did
A	L		100-lb. barrel 7 50 50-lb. pail 4 35 10-lb. bag 1 00	Galv., Plain Ridge Roll crated
A-C Mfg. Co	Lakeside Co	8	5-lb. bag 55 214-lb. cartons 25	
Acolus-Dickinson Co 77	Lamneck & Co., W. E	-		The state of the s
Agricola Furnace Co	Lamson & Sessions Co., The 13	0	DOLLARS BEING	Sheet Metal
Alamo Heater Co 50	Langenberg Mfg. Co		POKERS, FURNACE	
American Brass Co			Each\$9 75	7. ½x½, per gross\$0 52
American Fdy. & Furnace Co.	Toutents Game Co. Dould			No. 10, %x3/16, per gross 68
American Furnace Co 45			POKERS, STOVE	No. 14, %x4, per gross 83
American Wood Register Co, 50 Armco Distributors Assn. of	M		Nickel Plated, coil handles,	
America72-73			per doz 1 10	
Arex Co. ,,,, 82			W'r't Steel, str't or bent, per doz \$0 75	SHEARS, TINNERS'
Auer Register Co 48	Maplewood Machinery Co 75		per doz	
Automatic Humidifier Co	Marshall Furnace Co 43		PIPE	MACHINISTS'
	Marshalltown Mfg. Co.,, 75	5	Conductor	Viking\$23 00
В	May-Fiebeger Co		Cor. Rd., Plain Rd., or Sq.	Lennox Throatless
B. & F. Mfg. Co	McIlivaine Burner Corp 79		Galvanized	No. 18 ,85%
Barnes Metal Prod. Co		-		
Beh & Co 50			Crated and nested (all gauges)	Shear blades10%
Berger Bros. Co 77	Midland Furnace Co		Crated and not nested	(f. o. b. Marshalltown, Iowa)
Bertsch & Co 79,	Miller Mfg. Co., E. L	_	(all gauges)75-21/3%	
Brillion Furnace Co	Miller & Doing, Inc.	_	Furnace Pipe	
Brundage Co	Milwaukee Corr. Co Back Cover	P	Double Wall Pipe and	SHIELDS, ADJUSTABLE
Burgess Soldering Furnace Co	Mt. Vernon Furn. & Mfg. Co	-	Fittings	BADIATOR
			Single Wall Pipe, Round Galvanized Pipe50 & 10%	
С	N		Galvanized and Tin Fit-	No. 1 "Gem" 11" to 17"30%
Central Allow Steel Corn -	National Super-Service Co 48	Q	tings50 & 10%	No. 2 "Gem" 14" to 24" 10%
Chicago Furnace Supply Co 50			Lead	No. 8 "Gem" 85" to 65"30%
	The —	_	Per 100 lbs\$13 50	
Со 50				
Connors Paint Co., Wm			Stove Pipe	SHOES
	0		"Milcor" "Titelock" Uniform Blue	
D	Osborn Co., The J. M. L. A	-	Stove 28 gauge, 5 inch U. C.	Galv. 28 Gauge, Plain or cor-
			nested 11 00	rugated round flat crimp 60%
Deniston Co	P		25 gauge, e inch U. C.	26 gauge round flat crimp 45%
Dieckmann Co., Ferdinand 75 Diener Mfg. Co., Geo. W 79	Parker, Kalon Corp 83		28 gauge, 7 inch U. C.	34 gauge round flat crimp 15%
Dreis & Krump Mfg. Co 75	Peck, H. E 82		nested	•
Erem te lei unip mig. Co	Perfect Humidifier Co Premier Warm Air Heater	-	nested	
_	Co 42	9	se gauge, 6 inch U. C.	SNIPS, TINNERS
E			nested	Clover Leaf 40 & 10%
Eller Mfg. Co			nested 13 00	National40 & 10%
Emrich, C., Co	Q		T-Joint Made up	Star
	Quincy Pattern Co 50		6-inch, 28 gaper tos. \$ 3 40 All Zinc	MilcorNet
F	_		No. 11, all styles	Allicor
Wanner Mfr Co	R		~	
Farris Furnace Co	Teremination at 100 metric Co vo		PULLEYS	SQUARES
Forest City - Walworth Run	Robinson Co., A. H			
Fdy. Co	Rockford Sheet Steel Co 79		Furnace Tackleper dos. \$0 85	Steel and IronNet
Fort Shelby Hotel	Ryerson & Sons, Inc., Jos. T 79		Furnace Screw (enameled)	(Add for bluing \$8 per doz. net)
Fox Furnace Co			per dos. 75	MitreNet
	S			Try
G	Sall Mountain Co 49)	PUTTY	Try and BevelNet
	Sheer Co., H. M46-47		Commercial Putty, 100-lb.	Try and MitreNet
Gerock Bros. Mfg. Co 77	Sheet Steel Trade Extension		Kits\$3 15	Fox'sper dos. \$6 00
	Committee		QUADRANTS Maileable Iron Damper10%	
н	Skuttle Co., J. L	-		Winterbettom's10%
	Standard Fdy. & Furnace Co		REDUCERS—Oval Stove Pipe	
Harrington & King Perf. Co 77 Hart & Cooley Co	Standard Ventilator Co 79 St. Louis Tech. Inst			STOPPERS, FLUE
Heating Systems Corp 44	Success Heater Mfg. Co		7-6, 28-gauge, 1 doz. in	01011210, 1202
Henry Furnace & Foundry	Front Cover		carton\$2 00	Commonper dos. \$1 10
Co 45				Gem, No. 1per dos. 1 10
Hess Warming & Ventilating	T		REGISTERS AND BORDERS	Gem, flat, No. 3per dos. 1 00
Co			Baseboard, Floor and Wall	
Wm. Highton & Sons Div		. ,		
Homer Furnace Co	Tuttle & Bailey Mfg. Co 50		Cast Iron	VENTILATORS
Howes Co., S. M	XXth Century Htg. & Mfg.	1	Baseboard, 1 piece 3346-30%	Standard
1	Co			Distributed
	37	4	Adjustable Ceiling Ventilators	
1	Wadden Bettern West			WIRE
Independent Reg. & Mfg. Co 50	Vedder Pattern Works 50 Viking Shear Co 79		Register Faces—Cast and Steel	
Inland Steel Co	, and Dated Co	1	Japanned, Bronzed and Plated, 4x6 to 14x143814%	Black annealed wire, No. 9,
Interstate Machinery Co 81	w	1	Large Register Faces-Cast,	per 100 lbs
	Watt Mfg. Co	1	14x14 to 38x42	Galvanised barb wire, per
K	Warm Air Furnace Fan Co	•	14x14 to 38x43	100 lbs
Kernchen Co	Waterman-Waterbury Co		Ventilating Register	Cattle Wire—galvanized catch
Kester Solder Co			Per gross 9 00	weight spool, per 100 lbs \$ 80
Kirk-Latty Co 79	Williamson Heater Co		Small, per pair 30	Galvanized Plain Wire, No.
Ku-No Register Mfg. Co	Wise Furnace Co 44		Large, per pair 50	9, per 100 lbs 3 75

MarketsContin	uea from Page 14
PASTE	RIDGE BOLL
Asbestos Dry Paste:	Galv., Plain Ridge Roll,
200-lb. barrel\$14 00 100-lb. barrel 7 50 50-lb. pail 4 35	b'did
10-lb. bag	Crated
POKERS, FURNACE	Sheet Metal
Each\$9 75	7, %x%, per gross\$0 52
POKERS, STOVE	No. 10, %x3/16, per gross 68 No. 14, %x%, per gross 88
Nickel Plated, coil handles,	1
per doz 1 10 W'r't Steel, str't or bent,	
per doz \$0 75	SHEARS, TINNERS'
Conductor	Viking
Cor. Rd., Plain Rd., or Sq.	Lennox Throatless
Galvanized	No. 18 ,
Crated and nested (all gauges)	Shear blades
(all gauges)75-21/4% Furnace Pipe	
Double Wall Pine and	SHIELDS, ADJUSTABLE BADIATOR
Fittings	No. 1 "Gem" 11" to 17"30%
tings50 & 10%	No. 2 "Gem" 14" to 24"30%
Lend Per 100 lbs\$12 50	No. 8 "Gem" 85" to 65"30%
Stove Pipe	SWOPS
"Milcor" "Titelock" Uniform Blue Stove	SHOES Galv. 28 Gauge, Plain or cor-
28 gauge, 5 inch U. C. nested	rugated round flat crimp 60%
28 gauge, 6 inch II. C.	26 gauge round flat crimp 45%
nested	34 gauge round flat crimp15%
nested	SNIPS, TINNERS
nested	Clover Leaf 40 & 10%
	National40 & 10%
f-Joint Made up 6-inch, 28 gaper ton \$ 3 40	Milcor
All Zinc No. 11, all styles60%	MilcorNet
PULLEYS	SQUARES
Furnace Tackleper dos. \$0 85	Steel and IronNet
Furnace Screw (enameled)per dos. 75	(Add for bluing \$3 per doz. net) MitreNet
11-12-11-11-11-11	Try
PUTTY Commercial Putty, 100-lb.	Try and BevelNet
Kits\$3 15	Fox'sper dos. \$6 00
Malleable Iron Damper10%	Winterbettom's10%
REDUCERS—Oval Stove Pipe	STOPPERS, FLUE
Per Doz. -6, 28-gauge, 1 doz. in carton\$2 00	Commonper dos. \$1 10
REGISTERS AND BORDERS	Gem, No. 1per dos. 1 16 Gem, flat, No. 3per dos. 1 66
Baseboard, Floor and Wall	Gem, nat, No. 3per don. 1
tast Iron20% iteel and Semi-Steel23 1/4 % saseboard, 1 piece23 1/4 - 20%	VENTILATORS
Raseboard, 2 piece23%% Vall	Standard30 to 40%
Register Faces—Cast and Steel	WIRE
apanned. Bronzed and	Black annealed wire, No. 9,
Plated, 4x6 to 14x1433%%	per 100 lbs\$8 26 Galvanised barb wire, per
14x14 to 38x42	100 lbs 8 96
entilating Register	Cattle Wire—galvanized catch weight spool, per 100 lbs 3 80
Per gross 9 00 Small, per pair 30	Galvanized Plain Wire, No.

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All Sizes and Shapes of Holes
In Steel, Zinc, Brass, Copper, Tinplate, etc.
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EVERYTHING IN PERFORATED METAL

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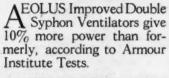
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"QUAKER CITY" MITRES, ENDS, CAPS AND

EAVE TROUGH STRAP AND ROD HANGERS ORNAMENTAL CONDUCTOR STRAPS AND ENDS

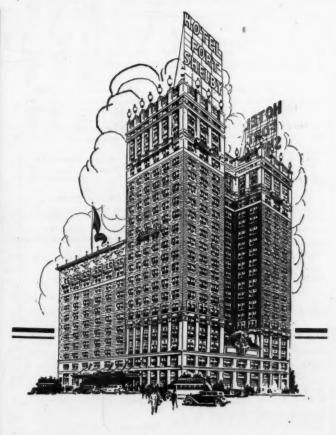
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> Paragating Co., City

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Canton, Ohie
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Milwaukee Corrugating Co.,
Mil., Ch'go, La Crosse, Kan. City

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Williamson Heater Co.,
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Chicago, Ill.

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Handles-Soldering Iron. Hyro Mfg. Co., New York, N. T.

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Eller Mfg. Co., Canton, Ohie
Lupton's Sons Co., David,
Philadelphia,
Milwaukee Corrugating Co.,
Mil., Ch'go, La Crosse, Kan. City Heat Regulation Systems. M. Sheer Co., Quincy, Ill.

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Waterman-Waterbury Co.,
Minneapolis, Minn.

Heaters—Combination Hot Water. Alamo Heater Co., Chicago, Ill. Standard Fdy. & Furnace Co., De Kalb, Ill.

Heaters—Domestic Hot Water.
Alamo Heater Co., Chicago, Ill.
Standard Fdy. & Furnace Co.,
De Kalb, Ill.

Heaters—School Boom.
Meyer Furnace Co., The, Peoria, Iil.
Waterman-Waterbury Co.,
Minneapelis, Minn

Fort Shelby Hotel, Detroit, Mich.

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Automatic Humidifier Co.,
Cedar Falls, Iowa
Meyer & Bro. Co., F., Peoria, Ili.
Mueller Furnace Co., L. J.,
Milwaukee, Wis.
Perfect Humidifier Co.,
St. Louis, Mo.
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Watt Mfg. Co.,
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Machines—Crimping.
Bertsch & Co.,
Cambridge City, Ind.

Machinery-Culvert. Bertsch & Co., Cambridge City, Ind.

Machines—Tinsmus.

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Cambridge City, Ind.
Dreis & Krump Mfg. Co.,
Chicage, Ill.
Interstate Machinery Co.,
Chicage, Ill.
Maplewood Machinery Co.,
Chicage, Ill.
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Chicage, Ill. Machines-Tinsmith's. Chicago, III.
Marshalltown Mfg. Co.,
Marshalltown, Icwa
Osborn Co., The J. M. & L. A.,
Cleveland. Ohio
Ryerson & Son, Inc., Jes. T.,
Chgo., N. Y., St. L., Det., Cleve.
Hyro Mfg. Ce., New York, N. Y.

Metals—Perforated.
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Chicage, Ili.

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(Continued on page 80)



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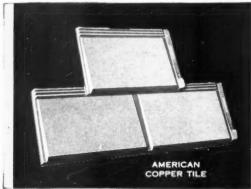
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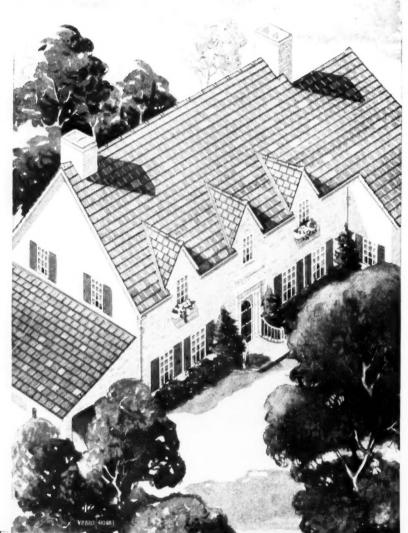
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